

# Phospho-Jak2 (Tyr1007/1008) (PB6) rabbit mAb

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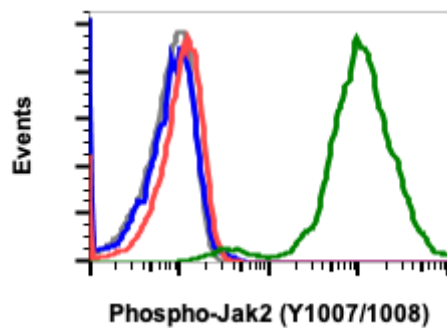
**Catalog:** #2456

**Store at:** -20°C

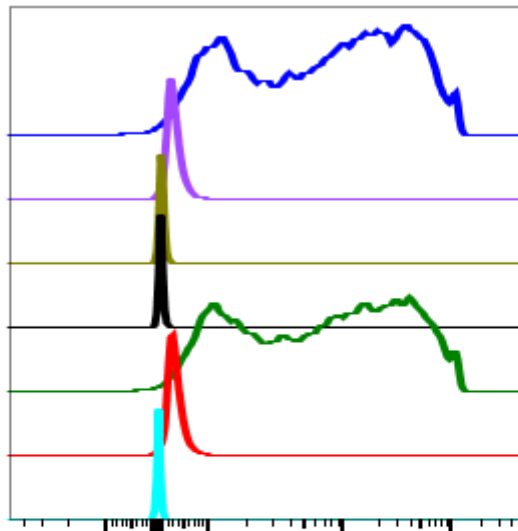
*For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures.*

Applications	Detection	Clonality	Isotype
Flow Cytometry	Anti-Rabbit IgG	Monoclonal	Rabbit IgGk

<b>Format:</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Cross Reactivity:</b>	Predicted to work with mouse, rat and other homologues.
<b>Formulation:</b>	1X PBS, 0.02% NaN <sub>3</sub> , 50% Glycerol, 0.1% BSA
<b>Preparation:</b>	Protein A+G
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Human
<b>Recommended Usage:</b>	1µg/mL – 0.001µg/mL. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application. See product image legends for additional information.
<b>Immunogen:</b>	A synthetic phospho-peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Tyr1007/Tyr1008 of human phospho Jak2
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Janus kinases (JAKs) are known as non-receptor protein tyrosine kinases. They serve as the catalytic signaling components for a wide range of cytokine receptors, including the receptors for prolactin, interferons, interleukins 3,5 and 6, granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF), erythropoietin, thrombopoietin (TPO), leptin, and growth hormone (1). JAKs comprise four intercellular proteins: JAK1-3 and TYK2 (tyrosine kinase-2). They are constitutively associated with the proximal intracellular membrane region of cytokine receptors. In general, binding of cytokines to the extracellular region of their cognate receptors induces conformational changes leading to phosphorylation of JAKs through reciprocal interaction of two juxtapositional JAKs. Hence, JAK activation requires two JAK isoforms either as homodimers or heterodimers to auto-phosphorylate. Consequently, several different combinations of JAKs are associated with different cytokine receptors to recruit and phosphorylate other signaling molecules including members of STAT family (STAT1, STAT2, STAT3, STAT4, STAT5 or STAT6) of DNA binding proteins (2). Specific cytokine receptors belonging to a subclass that includes erythropoietin receptor (EpoR) and growth hormone receptor (GHR) are homodimeric and bind JAK2 exclusively. Once activated, JAKs phosphorylate specific tyrosine residues on the cytokine receptors and subsequently on signal transducer and activator of transcription (STAT) proteins (3), which are recruited to the phosphorylated receptors through their SH2 (Src-homology 2) domains. STATs are transcription factor and after phosphorylation, they translocate to the nucleus to initiate specific transcriptional programs. JAK-STAT signaling pathways are critical for organismal development and homeostasis, particularly in immunity (3).</p>
<b>References:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. O'Shea JJ., et al., 2013 N Engl J Med, 368:161-70.</li><li>2. Levy DE., Darnell JE, 2002 Nat Rev mol Cell Biol, 3:651-62.</li><li>3. Alonzi T., et al., 2001 Mol cell. Biol., 21:1621-32.</li></ol>



Flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells untreated (red) or treated with IFN $\alpha$ +IL4+pervanadate (green) using Phospho-Jak2 (Tyr1007/1008) (PB6) Rabbit mAb Jak2Y10071008-PB6 #2456 at 0.01  $\mu$ g/mL, or concentration-matched Rabbit (G9) mAb IgG Isotype Control #2141 for cells untreated (black) or treated with IFN $\alpha$ +IL4+pervanadate (blue).



	IgG	Treatment	Peptide Block	Median : BL1-A
■	PB6	IFN $\alpha$ +IL4+PV	Non-phos.	82074
■	PB6	Ctrl	Non-phos.	2896
■	PB6	IFN $\alpha$ +IL4+PV	Phospho.	781
■	PB6	Ctrl	Phospho.	639
■	PB6	IFN $\alpha$ +IL4+PV	-	78925
■	PB6	Ctrl	-	3088
■	2°	Ctrl	-	237

Peptide blocking flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells, secondary antibody only negative control (light blue) or untreated (red) or treated with IFN $\alpha$  + IL-4+ pervanadate (green) or untreated and blocked with phospho-peptide (black) or treated and blocked with phospho peptide (gold) or untreated and blocked with non-phospho peptide (dark blue) or treated and blocked with non-phospho peptide (purple) using Phospho-Jak2 (Tyr1007/1008) antibody Jak2Y10071008-PB6at 0.1  $\mu$ g/mL. Cat. #2456.