

# Phospho-CrkL (Tyr207) (G4) rabbit mAb

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## #2091

Store at: -20°C

**For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures.**

Applications	Detection	Clonality	Isotype
Flow Cytometry, WB	Anti-Rabbit IgG	Monoclonal	Rabbit IgGk

**Format:** Unconjugated

**Cross Reactivity:** Predicted to work with mouse, rat, and other homologues.

**Formulation:** 1X PBS, 0.02% NaN<sub>3</sub>, 50% Glycerol, 0.1% BSA

**Preparation:** Protein A+G

**Reactivity:** Human, Mouse

### Recommended

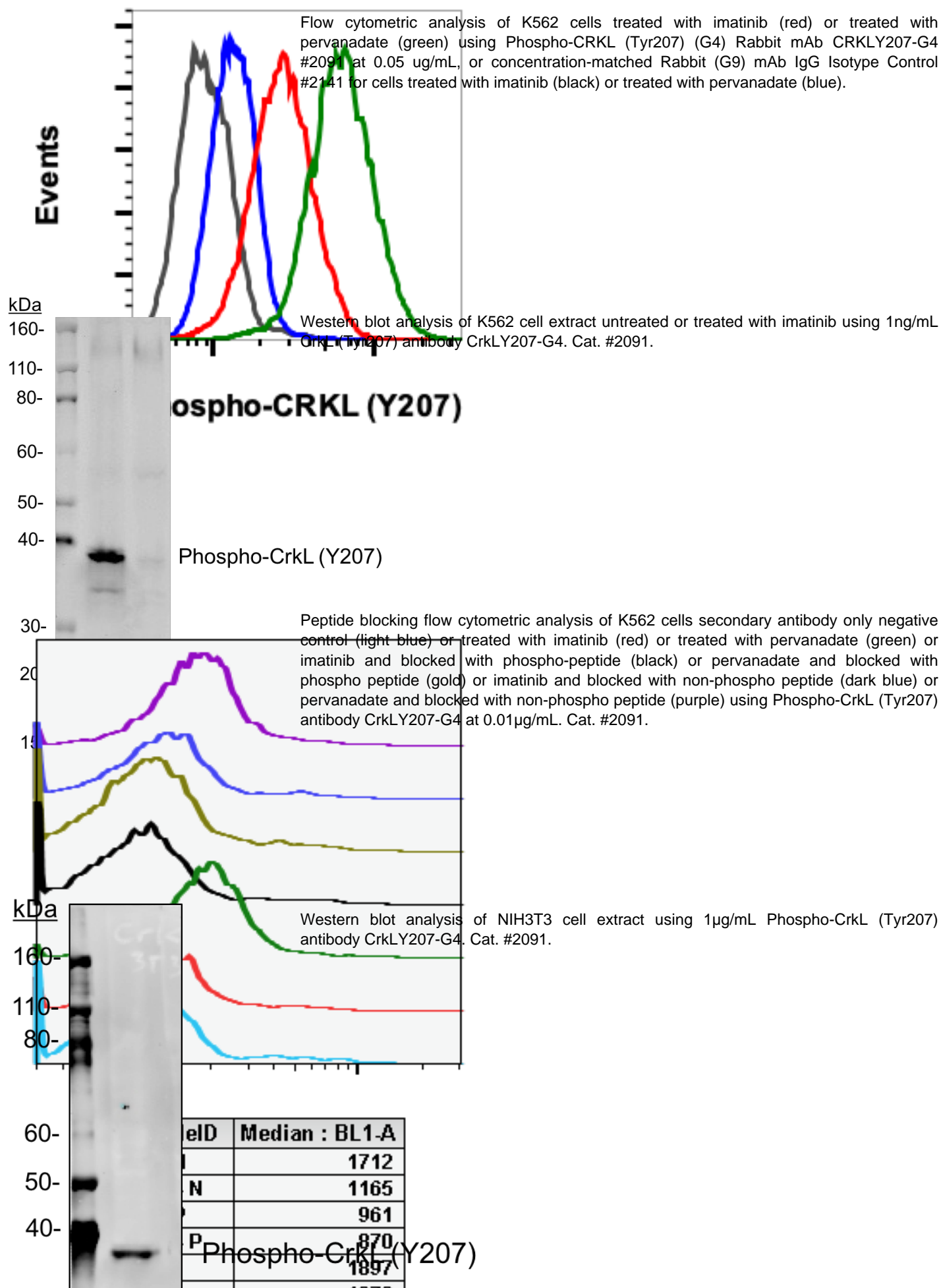
**Usage:** 1µg/mL ? 0.001µg/mL. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application. See product image legends for additional information.

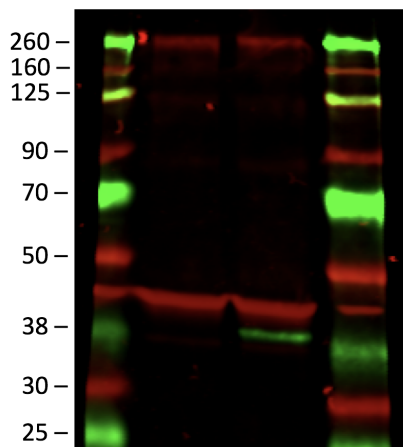
**Immunogen:** A synthetic phospho-peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Tyr207 of human phospho CrkL

**Description:** CrkL (v-Crk sarcoma virus CT10 oncogene-like protein) is an adaptor protein composed of one Src Homology 2 (SH2) and two Src Homology 3 (SH3) domains separated by flexible linker sequences that act as building blocks to assemble multiprotein complexes (1). The Crk adaptor proteins (Crk and CrkL) constitute an integral part of a network of essential signal transduction pathways in humans and other organisms that act as major convergence points in tyrosine kinase signaling. CRKL is required for the normal development of multiple tissues that rely on fibroblast growth factor 8 (FGF8). Phosphorylation of Crk on Tyr 221 or CrkL on Tyr 207 causes intramolecular binding of the linker region to the SH2 domain, sequestering the SH2 and SH3N and preventing them from binding target proteins (2,3). Mounting evidence indicates that dysregulation of Crk proteins is associated with human diseases, including cancer and susceptibility to pathogen infections.

### References:

1. Tten Hoeve, J., et al., (1993). Oncogene 8: 2469-2474.
2. Rosen MK, et al., (1995) Nature, 374 477-479.
3. Kobashigawa Y, et al., (2007) Nat Struct Mol Biol.14:503-510.

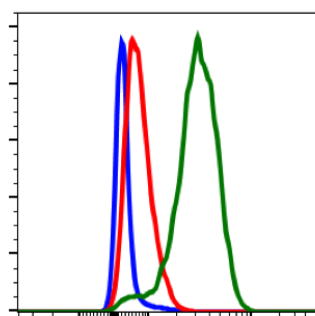




Western blot of E10.5 mouse wild-type (+/+) or Crkl knock out (-/-) whole embryos. The red channel was stained using a  $\beta$ -actin loading control and the green channel was stained using 1:500 dilution of Phospho-CrkL (Tyr207) antibody CrkLY207-G4 Cat. #2091. Phospho CrkL antibody staining is absent in the knock out lysate.

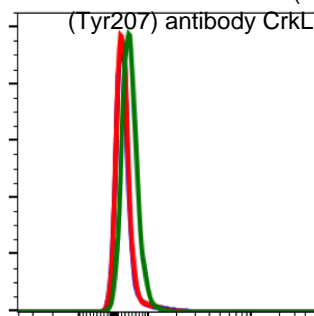
**$\beta$ -actin loading control**  
**Phospho-CrkL (Y207)**

**Abwiz Cat. #2091**  
0.05  $\mu$ g/mL



**Phospho-CrkL (Y207)**

**Company C**  
0.1  $\mu$ g/mL



**Phospho-CrkL (Y207)**

Flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells secondary antibody only negative control (blue) or treated with imatinib (red) or with pervanadate (green) using 0.05  $\mu$ g/mL of Phospho-CrkL (Tyr207) antibody CrkLY207-G4 (Abwiz Cat. #2091) or Company C antibody at 0.1  $\mu$ g/mL.