## Phospho-S6 Ribosomal Protein (Ser235/236) (R3A2) rabbit mAb SureLight®488 conjugate

www.abwizbio.com Support: info@abwizbio.com Order: sales@abwizbio.com

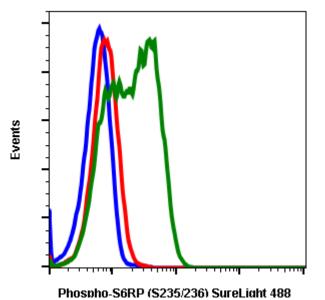
## Store at: 2-8°C

## **Catalog:** #1195

For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures.

| <b>Applications</b><br>Flow Cytometry | Detection<br>N/A  | <b>Clonality</b><br>Monoclonal | <b>lsotype</b><br>Rabbit IgGk |
|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Format:                               | SureLight 488   |                                |                               |
| Cross Reactivity:                     | Predicted to work with mouse, rat, and other homologues.  |                                |                               |
| Formulation:                          | 1X PBS, 0.09% NaN3, 0.2% BSA  |                                |                               |
| Preparation:                          | Protein A+G   |                                |                               |
| Reactivity:                           | Human,Mouse   |                                |                               |
| Recommended<br>Usage:                 | For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 $\mu$ L per million cells or 5 $\mu$ L per 100 $\mu$ L of staining volume. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.  |                                |                               |
| Immunogen:                            | A synthetic phospho-peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser235/236<br>of human phospho S6 Ribosomal Protein   |                                |                               |
| Description:                          | Ribosomal protein S6 kinase is one of two parallel signaling pathways<br>downstream of mTOR, with the other being 4E-BP1. mTOR phosphorylates and<br>activates S6 kinase, which then phosphorylates ribosomal protein S6. The<br>pathway regulates cell growth and cell cycle progression. The identified<br>phosphorylation sites of S6 are Ser235, Ser236, Ser240, Ser244, and Ser247,<br>which are evolutionarily conserved in higher eukaryotes. Ser236 has been<br>proposed as the primary phosphorylation site. Studies using S6 knockin mice,<br>where all five phosphorylation site serine residues are replaced by alanine, have<br>provided extensive detail on S6 function. These studies support the role<br>phosphorylated S6 plays in regulation of cell size, glucose homeostasis, and<br>protein synthesis. |                                |                               |
| References:                           | Ruvinsky I and Meyuhas O. (2006) TRENDS in Biochemical Sciences. 31:<br>342-348.  |                                |                               |





Flow cytometric analysis of U937 cells unstained U0126 plus SB20350 cells (blue) or stained and treated with U0126 plus SB20350 (red) or treated with TPA plus calyculin A (green) using Phospho-S6 ribosomal protein (Ser235/Ser236) antibody S6S235S236-R3A2 SureLight®488 conjugate. Cat. #1195.

